

# More Precision.

### confocalDT // Confocal chromatic sensor system



## Confocal chromatic displacement and thickness measurements **confocalDT**



#### Highest precision in confocal chromatic displacement and thickness measurements

The confocalDT product range stands for the highest precision and dynamics in confocal chromatic measurement technology. The measuring system includes the fastest controller currently available, enabling high precision measurement results in displacement and distance measurement tasks, as well as thickness measurement of transparent objects. A large number of sensors and different interfaces can be used in versatile measurement tasks, e.g., in the semiconductor industry, glass industry, medical engineering and machine building.



Very small measurement spot size

## Overview confocalDT

Sensor type		Measuring range	Measurement direction	Measurement mode	Page
confocalDT IFS2402	Confocal chromatic miniature sensors ø4 mm	1.5 mm 3.5 mm		Distance measurement	8 - 9
confocalDT IFS2403	Confocal chromatic hybrid sensors ø8 mm	0.4 mm 10 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	10 - 11
confocalDT IFS2404	Confocal chromatic sensors ø12 mm	2 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	12
confocalDT IFS2405	Precise confocal sensors ø27 - 64 mm	0.3 mm 30 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	13 - 15
confocalDT IFS2406	Confocal chromatic sensors for displacement & thickness measurements ø20 - 27 mm	2.5 mm 10 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	16 - 17
confocalDT IFS2407	High precision sensors for displacement & thickness measurements ø12 - 54 mm	0.1 mm 3 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	18 - 19

Each sensor can be operated with every confocalDT controller.

Controller type		Channels	Measuring rate	Page
confocalDT IFC242x	Confocal controller for industrial applications	1 or 2	up to 6.5 kHz	20 - 21
confocalDT IFC246x	Light-intensive controller for high speed measurements	1 or 2	up to 30 kHz	22 - 23
confocalDT IFC2471 HS	Confocal high-speed controller	1	up to 70 kHz	24 - 25

## Measuring principle and fields of application **confocalDT**

#### The confocal chromatic measuring principle

Polychromatic white light is focused onto the target surface by a multilens optical system. The lenses are arranged so that the white light is dispersed into monochromatic wavelengths by controlled chromatic aberration. To each wavelength, a specific distance is assigned by factory calibration. Only the wavelength which is exactly focused on the target is used for the measurement. An optical arrangement images the light reflected onto a light sensitive sensor element, on which the corresponding spectral color is detected and evaluated. In the case of multi-peak measurements, several distance points are evaluated accordingly.





#### Large measuring angle

The confocalDT IFS sensors tolerate a large measuring angle up to 48°. Therefore, curved and structured surfaces can be detected reliably to generate stable signals.



#### Fastest measuring rates for dynamic measurement tasks

IFC2471HS controllers offer with 70 kHz the highest measuring rate in the world. However, it is important to adapt the exposure to the respective surface. Therefore, the confocalDT controller dynamically regulates the exposure of the CCD line. This exposure control compensates for color and reflectivity changes of the measuring object in order to increase the measurement accuracy at high measuring rates.



#### Ready for vacuum

The confocalDT sensors consist of passive components and do not emit heat. Particularly for use in vacuum applications, Micro-Epsilon offers sensors, cables and accessories which can be used according to their respective specification.





#### Compact sensors for restricted installation spaces

The compact design with diameters from 4 mm enables integration in restricted spaces. With the 90° models, the required installation depth is again significantly reduced.



### Thickness calibration for precise thickness measurements regardless of distance

Changing material thickness and a varying distance between the target and the sensor produce faulty measurement values. Therefore, confocalDT controllers from Micro-Epsilon offer a thickness calibration feature. The refractive indices (start of measuring range, mid of measuring range, end of measuring range) of different materials are stored in the controller and can be individually adapted. By selecting the respective target material, the distance-dependent error is automatically compensated for which enables to achieve the highest possible measurement accuracy.



#### The world's smallest light spot for high lateral resolution

The confocalDT sensors from Micro-Epsilon are available with different aperture angles. Sensors with a large aperture angle or high numerical aperture (NA) generate a small light spot (X-Y resolution) and high Z resolution. The light spot size remains almost constant over the entire measuring range which enables to measure even finest details such as IC pins on PCBs, bonding wire or surface roughness. Due to the high measuring rate, roughness can be detected much more faster than with tactile measurements. In addition, the non-contact measuring principle is reactionless.



The confocalDT sensors enable thickness measurements of transparent materials. The material thickness is detected to micrometer accuracy using just one single sensor. Thanks to the integrated multi-layer measurement, the thickness of materials such as laminated glass can be evaluated.

## Applications confocalDT



#### Thickness measurement of displays and flat glass

For the production of display glass, glass sheets with a homogeneous thickness profile are required. To monitor the thickness, confocal chromatic sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used for non-contact, one-sided thickness measurement. Due to their high measuring rate, the sensors are also applied in high speed processes. *Recommended sensors: IFS2405* 



#### Restricted installation space

Miniature sensors with a diameter of 4 mm measure in confined installation spaces, e.g., for the inspection of boreholes. Furthermore, the  $90^{\circ}$  version of these sensors enables to measure the finest interior contours.

Recommended sensors: IFS2402



#### Coordinate measuring machines

The large aperture angle and the high numerical aperture of confocal chromatic sensors enable high resolution with a small light spot size. As the sensors also tolerate a large tilt angle, they are used in coordinate measuring machines for geometry testing and roughness measurements.

Recommended sensors: IFS2405 / IFS2407



#### Wall thickness measurement of container glass

Wall thickness distribution is a crucial quality criterion for container glass. In order to determine the glass thickness of the bottom and the walls, confocal chromatic sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used. Measurements are performed without contact and at a high measuring rate.

Recommended sensors: IFS2406



#### Measurement in recesses

Their narrow beam path enables the confocal sensors to measure in recesses. With the confocal measuring principle, also measurements on liquids are possible, e.g., for precise filling level control in trays. *Recommended sensors: IFS2403 / IFS2404* 



### Hot glass measurments

Protected with a housing provided by the customer, confocal sensors can also measure on hot glass. The large offset distance allows for the sensor to be mounted from a safe distance to the hot glass. *Recommended sensors: IFS2405* 



Interior diameter inspection High precision diameter inspection of bores and cylinders using 90° sensor models.

Recommended sensors: IFS2406



Thickness measurement on the star wheel Fast dual-channel thickness measurement of glass bottles in industrial production processes. *Recommended sensors: IFS2406* 

## Confocal chromatic miniature sensors confocalDT IFS2402

Image: Constraint of the second state of the second sta	ensors Ø4 mm with al beam path resolution distance ents spot		MR SMR protection and strain relief fiber of 68 68 15	MR = Measuring range SMR = Start of measuring range Dimensions in mm, not to scale
Model		IFS2402-0,5	IFS2402-1,5	IFS2402-4
Model Measuring range		<b>IFS2402-0,5</b> 0.5 mm	IFS2402-1,5 1.5 mm	IFS2402-4 3.5 mm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range	e approx.	<b>IFS2402-0,5</b> 0.5 mm 1.7 mm	IFS2402-1,5 1.5 mm 0.9 mm	IFS2402-4 3.5 mm 1.9 mm
<b>Model</b> Measuring range Start of measuring range	e approx. static ¹)	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm	IFS2402-1,5 1.5 mm 0.9 mm 60 nm	IFS2402-4 3.5 mm 1.9 mm 100 nm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup>	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm	IFS2402-1,5 1.5 mm 0.9 mm 60 nm 192 nm	IFS2402-4 3.5 mm 1.9 mm 100 nm 480 nm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>9)</sup>	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm < ±0.2 μm	IFS2402-1,5 1.5 mm 0.9 mm 60 nm 192 nm < ±1.2 μm	<b>IFS2402-4</b> 3.5 mm 1.9 mm 100 nm 480 nm < ±3 μm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>3)</sup> Light spot diameter	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	<b>IFS2402-0,5</b> 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm < ±0.2 μm 10 μm	IFS2402-1,5 1.5 mm 0.9 mm 60 nm 192 nm < ±1.2 μm 20 μm	IFS2402-4 3.5 mm 1.9 mm 100 nm 480 nm < ±3 μm 20 μm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>3)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>4)</sup>	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	<b>IFS2402-0,5</b> 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm < ±0.2 μm 10 μm ±18°	<b>IFS2402-1,5</b> 1.5 mm 0.9 mm 60 nm 192 nm < ±1.2 μm 20 μm ±5°	<b>IFS2402-4</b> 3.5 mm 1.9 mm 100 nm 480 nm < ±3 μm 20 μm ±3°
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>3)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>4)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA)	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	IFS2402-0,5 $0.5 \text{ mm}$ $1.7 \text{ mm}$ $16 \text{ nm}$ $48 \text{ nm}$ $< \pm 0.2 \mu m$ $10 \mu m$ $\pm 18^{\circ}$ $0.40$	IFS2402-1,5         1.5 mm         0.9 mm         60 nm         192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ 20 $ \mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20	IFS2402-4 $3.5 \text{ mm}$ $1.9 \text{ mm}$ $100 \text{ nm}$ $480 \text{ nm}$ $480 \text{ nm}$ $20 \mu \text{m}$ $\pm 3^{\circ}$ $0.10$
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>3)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>4)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Connector	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm $< \pm 0.2 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 18^{\circ}$ 0.40 integrated optical f	IFS2402-1,5         1.5 mm         0.9 mm         60 nm         192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ 20 $\mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20         ber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; exiding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40	IFS2402-4           3.5 mm           1.9 mm           100 nm           480 nm           < ±3 μm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>3)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>4)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Connector	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	IFS2402-0,5 $0.5 \text{ mm}$ $1.7 \text{ mm}$ $1.6 \text{ nm}$ $48 \text{ nm}$ $48 \text{ nm}$ $42 \text{ mm}$ $10 \mu m$ $±18^{\circ}$ $0.40$ integrated optical fiber         Clar	IFS2402-1,5           1.5 mm           0.9 mm           60 nm           192 nm           < ±1.2 μm	IFS2402-4         3.5 mm         1.9 mm         100 nm         480 nm         480 nm         20 μm         ±3°         0.10         xtension up to 50 m; 0 mm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>3)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>4)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Connector Mounting	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm $< \pm 0.2 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 18^{\circ}$ 0.40 integrated optical f bern Clar	IFS2402-1,5         1.5 mm         0.9 mm         60 nm         192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ 20 $\mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20         ber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; exding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mping, mounting adapter (see accessor -20 +70 °C	IFS2402-4         3.5 mm         1.9 mm         100 nm         480 nm         480 nm         20 μm         ±3°         0.10         xtension up to 50 m; 0 mm         0 mm
Model         Measuring range         Start of measuring range         Start of measuring range         Resolution         Linearity <sup>3</sup> Light spot diameter         Max. measuring angle <sup>4</sup> Numerical aperture (NA)         Connector         Mounting         Temperature range	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance	IFS2402-0,5         0.5 mm         1.7 mm         16 nm         48 nm $48 nm$ $42 \pm 0.2  \mu m$ 10 $ \mu m$ $\pm 18^{\circ}$ 0.40         integrated optical f         ber         Clar	IFS2402-1,5         1.5 mm         0.9 mm         60 nm         192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ 20 $\mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20         ber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; exiding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mping, mounting adapter (see accessed -20 +70 °C $+5 \dots +70 °C$	IFS2402-4         3.5 mm         1.9 mm         100 nm         480 nm         < ±3 μm
Model Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>a)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>4)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Connector Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2)	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance Displacement and distance Storage Operation	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm < ±0.2 μm 10 μm ±18° 0.40 integrated optical fr bern Clar 1	IFS2402-1,5         1.5 mm         0.9 mm         60 nm         192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ 20 $\mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20         ber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; et         ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40         mping, mounting adapter (see accessed $-20 + 70  ^{\circ}C$ $+5 + 70  ^{\circ}C$ 5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks ead	IFS2402-4         3.5 mm         1.9 mm         100 nm         480 nm         < ±3 μm
Model         Measuring range         Start of measuring range         Start of measuring range         Resolution         Linearity <sup>3</sup> )         Light spot diameter         Max. measuring angle <sup>4</sup> )         Numerical aperture (NA)         Connector         Mounting         Temperature range         Shock (DIN EN 60068-2:         Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2:	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance Displacement and distance Storage Operation	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm $< \pm 0.2 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 18^{\circ}$ 0.40 integrated optical f ber Clar 1	IFS2402-1,5         1.5 mm         0.9 mm         60 nm         192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ 20 $\mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20         ber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; exding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mping, mounting adapter (see accessor $-20 + 70  ^{\circ}C$ $+5 + 70  ^{\circ}C$ $5  g / 6  ms in XY  axis, 1000  shocks early of 20 500  Hz in XY  axis, 10 cycles early adapter (See accessor -20 + 70  ^{\circ}C $	IFS2402-4         3.5 mm         1.9 mm         100 nm         480 nm         < ±3 μm
Model         Measuring range         Start of measuring range         Start of measuring range         Resolution         Linearity <sup>3</sup> )         Light spot diameter         Max. measuring angle <sup>4</sup> )         Numerical aperture (NA)         Connector         Mounting         Temperature range         Shock (DIN EN 60068-2         Vibration (DIN EN 60068         Protection class (DIN EN	a approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance Displacement and distance Storage Operation -27) -2-6)	IFS2402-0,5         0.5 mm         1.7 mm         16 nm         48 nm         10 µm         ±18°         0.40         integrated optical f         ber         Clar         2 g	IFS2402-1,5         1.5 mm         0.9 mm         60 nm         192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ 20 $\mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20         ber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; exiting radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40         nping, mounting adapter (see accessed -20 +70 °C $+5 \dots +70 °C$ $5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks ead         y / 20 \dots 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles explicitly a static of the static of the$	IFS2402-4         3.5 mm         1.9 mm         100 nm         480 nm         < ±3 μm
Model         Measuring range         Start of measuring range         Start of measuring range         Resolution         Linearity <sup>3</sup> )         Light spot diameter         Max. measuring angle <sup>4</sup> )         Numerical aperture (NA)         Connector         Mounting         Temperature range         Shock (DIN EN 60068-2)         Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2)         Material	e approx. static <sup>1)</sup> dynamic <sup>2)</sup> Displacement and distance Displacement and distance Storage Operation -27) -2-6)	IFS2402-0,5 0.5 mm 1.7 mm 16 nm 48 nm < ±0.2 μm 10 μm ±18° 0.40 integrated optical f ben Clar 1 2 g	IFS2402-1,51.5 mm0.9 mm60 nm192 nm $< \pm 1.2  \mu m$ $20  \mu m$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 0.20ber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; etding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40mping, mounting adapter (see accessor $-20 + 70 \ ^{\circ}C$ $+5 \dots + 70 \ ^{\circ}C$ 5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks ead $p/20 \dots 500$ Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles eIP64, front operatedStainless steel housing, glass lenses	IFS2402-4         3.5 mm         1.9 mm         100 nm         480 nm         < ±3 μm

approx. 186 g (incl. optical fiber)

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$  Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>2)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

<sup>3)</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

<sup>9</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

Weight



<sup>1)</sup> Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis

Model

Resolution

Linearity 4)

Connector

Mounting

Material

Weight

<sup>2)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>3)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

<sup>4)</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

<sup>9</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

### Confocal chromatic hybrid sensors confocalDT IFS2403

	fiber optic ø2.1 			Î	-				
8	k protection I strain relief								
	Kin anc								
Hybrid sensors ø8 mm with axial or radial beam path				0					
Submicron resolution			62	10(					
For one-sided thickness measurements									
For precise distance measurements	ø8	-							
Small light spot	SMR	Ŵ			<u>-</u>				
	AM					Mi SM Dii	R = Measurir /IR = Start of mensions in r	ng range measuring nm, not to s	range scale

Model		IFS2403-0,4	IFS2403-1,5	IFS2403-4	IFS2403-10	
Measuring range		0.4 mm	1.5 mm	4 mm	10 mm	
Start of measuring range	approx.	2.5 mm	8 mm	14.7 mm	11 mm	
Decelution	static 1)	16 nm	60 nm	100 nm	250 nm	
Resolution	dynamic 2)	47 nm	186 nm	460 nm	1250 nm	
Lippority 3)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm0.3\mu\text{m}$	< ±1.2 µm	$<\pm3\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm 8\mu m$	
Linearity <sup>3</sup>	Thickness	$<\pm0.6\mu{ m m}$	< ±2.4 µm	$<\pm 6\mu { m m}$	$<\pm16\mu{ m m}$	
Light spot diameter		9 <i>µ</i> m	15 <i>µ</i> m	28 µm	56 µm	
Max. measuring angle 4)		$\pm 20^{\circ}$	$\pm 16^{\circ}$	$\pm 6^{\circ}$	$\pm 6^{\circ}$	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.50	0.30	0.15	0.15	
Min. target thickness 5)		0.06 mm	0.23 mm	0.6 mm	1.5 mm	
Connector		exten	integrated optical fiber 2 m sion up to 50 m; bending rad	with E2000/APC connector; ius: static 30 mm, dynamic 4	0 mm	
Mounting			Clamping, mounting ad	apter (see accessories)		
<b>-</b> .	Storage	-20 +70 °C				
lemperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C				
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27	7)		15 g / 6 ms in XY axi	s, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-	-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in X	Y axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 6	0529)		IP64	(front)		
Material			Stainless steel hou	using, glass lenses		
Weight			approx. 200 g (i	ncl. optical fiber)		

<sup>1)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>2)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

<sup>3)</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ± 1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

<sup>4)</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
<sup>5)</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 in midrange



<sup>2)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>3)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

Model

Resolution

Linearity 4)

Connector

Mounting

Material

Weight

<sup>4)</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

<sup>9</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 6)}$  Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 in midrange

### Confocal chromatic sensors confocalDT IFS2404

Compact set Submicron For one-sid measurement For precise measurement Small light	ensors ø12 mm resolution led thickness ents distance ents spot	Clamping range	
			Dimensions in mm, not to scale.
Model		IFS2404-2	IFS2404/90-2
Measuring range		2 mm	2 mm
Start of measuring range	e approx.	14 mm	9.6 mm <sup>1)</sup>
Population	static <sup>2)</sup>	40 nm	40 nm
Resolution	dynamic 3)	125 nm	125 nm
Linearity <sup>4)</sup>	Displacement and distance	$<\pm1\mu{ m m}$	$< \pm 1  \mu m$
Linding	Thickness	$<\pm 2\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm 2\mu{ m m}$
Light spot diameter		10 <i>µ</i> m	10 <i>µ</i> m
Max. tilt angle 5)		±12°	±12°
Numerical aperture (NA)	)	0.25	0.25
Min. target thickness 6)		0.1 mm	0.1 mm
Connector		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, type C240 bending radius: static 3	)4-x; standard length 2 m; extension up to 50 m; 0 mm, dynamic 40 mm
Mounting		Clamping, mounting ad	apter (see accessories)
Temperature range	Storage	-20	+70 °C
.s.nporatoro rango	Operation	+5	+70 °C
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2	2-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axi	s, 1000 shocks each
Vibration (DIN EN 60068	3-2-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz in X	Y axis, 10 cycles each
Protection class (DIN EN	N 60529)	IP65	(front)
Material		Stainless steel hou	using, glass lenses
Weight 7)		approx. 20 g	approx. 30 g
1) Start of measuring range n	neasured from sensor axis		

<sup>2)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>3)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

4) All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

<sup>5</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 <sup>6</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.
 <sup>7</sup> Sensor weight without optical fiber

### Confocal sensors with high precision confocalDT IFS2405

Robust universal sense for versatile application Submicron resolution For one-sided thicknes measurements For precise distance measurements Very small light spot Large tilt angle	DITS IS S	Clamping range 103	014.4 027	piper display the formula of the for
Model		IFS2405-0,3	IFS2405-1	IFS2405-3
Measuring range		0.3 mm	1 mm	3 mm
Start of measuring range	approx.	6 mm	10 mm	20 mm
Resolution	static 1)	4 nm	8 nm	15 nm
	dynamic <sup>2)</sup>	18 nm	38 nm	80 nm
Linearity <sup>3)</sup> Displacem	ent and distance	< ±0.1 µm	$<\pm0.25\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm0.75\mu{ m m}$
	Thickness	< ±0.2 µm	$<\pm0.5\mu{ m m}$	< ±1.5 µm
Light spot diameter		6 µm	8 µm	9 <i>µ</i> m
Max. measuring angle 4)		$\pm 34^{\circ}$	$\pm 30^{\circ}$	±24°
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.60	0.55	0.45
Min. target thickness 5)		0.015 mm	0.05 mm	0.15 mm
Connector		pluggable optical fibe	er via FC socket, standard length 3 m;	extension up to 50 m;
		ben	ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40	
Mounting		ben Clar	ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 nping, mounting adapter (see accesso	ries)
Mounting Temperature range	Storage	ben Clar	ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 nping, mounting adapter (see accesso -20 +70 °C	ries)
Mounting Temperature range	Storage Operation	ben Clar	ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 nping, mounting adapter (see accesso -20 +70 °C +5 +70 °C	ries)
Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)	Storage Operation	ben Clar 1	ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 nping, mounting adapter (see accesso -20 +70 °C +5 +70 °C 5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks eac	ries) h
Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)	Storage Operation	ben Clar 1 2 ç	nping, mounting adapter (see accesso -20 +70 °C +5 +70 °C 5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks eac	nini h ach
Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) Protection class (DIN EN 60529)	Storage Operation	ben Clar 1 2 ç	ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 nping, mounting adapter (see accesso -20 +70 °C +5 +70 °C 5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks eac g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles ea IP64 (front)	h h ach
Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) Protection class (DIN EN 60529) Material	Storage Operation	ben Clar 1 2 ç	ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 nping, mounting adapter (see accesso -20 +70 °C +5 +70 °C 5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks eac g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles ea IP64 (front) Aluminum housing, glass lenses	ries) h ach

<sup>2</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 <sup>3</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ± 1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 <sup>4</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 <sup>5</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

### Confocal sensors with high precision confocalDT IFS2405

Robust univer for versatile Submicron re For one-side measuremer Very small line Large tilt ang	ersal sensors applications esolution ed thickness hts distance hts ght spot	albox 63 de george de geor	pedo de terminador de terminador de terminador de terminad	Dimensions in mm.
Model				not to scale.
		IFS2405-6	IFS2405/90-6	not to scale.
Measuring range		<b>IFS2405-6</b> 6 mm	<b>IFS2405/90-6</b> 6 mm	not to scale. IFS2405-10 10 mm
Measuring range Start of measuring range	approx.	<b>IFS2405-6</b> 6 mm 63 mm	<b>IFS2405/90-6</b> 6 mm 41 mm <sup>1)</sup>	not to scale. IFS2405-10 10 mm 50 mm
Measuring range Start of measuring range	approx. static <sup>2)</sup>	IFS2405-6 6 mm 63 mm 34 nm	IFS2405/90-6 6 mm 41 mm <sup>1)</sup> 34 nm	not to scale. IFS2405-10 10 mm 50 mm 36 nm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup>	IFS2405-6 6 mm 63 mm 34 nm 190 nm	IFS2405/90-6 6 mm 41 mm <sup>1)</sup> 34 nm 190 nm	not to scale. IFS2405-10 10 mm 50 mm 36 nm 204 nm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance	IFS2405-6 6 mm 63 mm 34 nm 190 nm < ±1.5 μm	IFS2405/90-6 6 mm 41 mm <sup>1)</sup> 34 nm 190 nm < ±1.5 μm	IFS2405-10           10 mm           50 mm           36 nm           204 nm           < ±2 μm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup>	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6 6 mm 63 mm 34 nm 190 nm < ±1.5 μm < ±3 μm	IFS2405/90-6 6 mm 41 mm <sup>1)</sup> 34 nm 190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m	not to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2  \mu m$ $< \pm 4  \mu m$
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup>	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu m$ $< \pm 3 \mu m$ 31 $\mu m$	IFS2405/90-6 6 mm 41 mm <sup>1)</sup> 34 nm 190 nm < ±1.5 μm < ±3 μm 31 μm	not to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2  \mu m$ $< \pm 2  \mu m$ $< \pm 4  \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> )	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu m$ $< \pm 3 \mu m$ 31 $\mu m$ $\pm 10^\circ$	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm <sup>1)</sup> 34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5  \mu m$ $< \pm 3  \mu m$ 31 $ \mu m$ $\pm 10^\circ$	not to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2  \mu m$ $< \pm 2  \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^\circ$
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> ) Numerical aperture (NA)	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1)}$ 34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5  \mu m$ $< \pm 3  \mu m$ 31 $\mu m$ $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22	not to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2  \mu m$ $< \pm 4  \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> ) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> )	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1)}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 µm	not to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 2 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> ) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> ) Connector	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm         pluggable opti	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1)}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 $\mu$ m         < ±3 $\mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m         ±10°         0.22         0.3 mm         cal fiber via FC socket, standard length 3 m; extension bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm	Inot to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 4 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> Connector	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm         pluggable opti	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1)}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 µm	Int to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2  \mu m$ $< \pm 4  \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> ) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> ) Connector Mounting	approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^\circ$ 0.22         0.3 mm         pluggable opti	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1)}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 µm	IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 4 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>9</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> Connector Mounting	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm         pluggable opti	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1)}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 µm	Int to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 4 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> Connector Mounting Temperature range	approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness 2 Storage Operation 27)	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^\circ$ 0.22         0.3 mm	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 µm	IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 4 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> Connector Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-1	approx. approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness Thickness Storage Operation 27) -2-6)	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm         pluggable opti	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{10}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 $\mu$ m         < ±3 $\mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m         ±10°         0.22         0.3 mm         cal fiber via FC socket, standard length 3 m; extension bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm         Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)         -20 +70 °C         +5 +70 °C         15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each         2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each	Int to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 4 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> Connector Mounting Shock (DIN EN 60068-2: Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2)	approx. approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness A Storage Operation 27, 2-6, 60529)	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm         pluggable opti	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm <sup>1)</sup> 34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm         cal fiber via FC socket, standard length 3 m; extension bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm         Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories) $-20 \dots +70 °C$ $+5 \dots +70 °C$ 15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each         2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each         IP64 (front)	Int to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 4 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> ) Connector Mounting Connector Shock (DIN EN 60068-2- Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2- Protection class (DIN EN	approx. approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> Displacement and distance Thickness 2 2 5 5 60529)	IFS2405-6         6 mm         63 mm         34 nm         190 nm $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m $< \pm 3 \mu$ m         31 $\mu$ m $\pm 10^{\circ}$ 0.22         0.3 mm	IFS2405/90-6         6 mm         41 mm $^{1)}$ 34 nm         190 nm         < ±1.5 µm	Int to scale.         IFS2405-10         10 mm         50 mm         36 nm         204 nm $< \pm 2 \mu m$ $< \pm 4 \mu m$ 16 $\mu m$ $\pm 17^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.5 mm         on up to 50 m;

<sup>1)</sup> Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis

<sup>2)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>a</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 <sup>a</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 <sup>a</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 <sup>a</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 <sup>a</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.



<sup>1)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>2)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

<sup>3)</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

<sup>4)</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values. <sup>5)</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

6) Sensor weight without optical fiber

Model

Resolution

Linearity 3)

Connector

Mounting

Material Weight 6)

### Confocal chromatic sensors for displacement and thickness confocalDT IFS2406

Contraction of the second			
Sensors with axi radial beam path Submicron resol For one-sided th measurements For precise dista measurements Very small light Suitable for VAC	tial or n lution nickness ance spot	Exchangeable protective glass gl2.8	<image/>
Model		IFS2406-2,5/VAC(003)	IFS2406/90-2,5/VAC(001)
Measuring range		2.5 mm	2.5 mm
Start of measuring range	approx.	17.2 mm	12.6 mm <sup>1)</sup>
Start of measuring range	approx. static <sup>2)</sup>	17.2 mm 18 nm	12.6 mm <sup>1)</sup> 18 nm
Start of measuring range	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup>	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm	12.6 mm <sup>1)</sup> 18 nm 97 nm
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup>	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm	12.6 mm <sup>1)</sup> 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup>	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm	12.6 mm <sup>1)</sup> 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup> Light spot diameter	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm 10 μm	12.6 mm <sup>1)</sup> 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm 10 μm
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5)</sup>	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$	12.6 mm <sup>1)</sup> 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA)	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> ) 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup>	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> ) 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup> Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6)</sup> Connector	approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	$17.2 \text{ mm}$ $18 \text{ nm}$ $97 \text{ nm}$ $< \pm 0.75 \mu \text{m}$ $< \pm 1.5 \mu \text{m}$ $10 \mu \text{m}$ $\pm 16^{\circ}$ $0.30$ $0.125 \text{ mm}$ pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 m = 10000000000000000000000000000000000	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> ) 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 80 mm, dynamic 40 mm
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> Connector Mounting	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting action	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> )         18 nm         97 nm $< \pm 0.75  \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5  \mu m$ 10 $\mu m$ $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.125 mm         C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 80 mm, dynamic 40 mm         tapter (see accessories)
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup> Dis Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6)</sup> Connector Mounting	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting ac -20	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> ) 18 nm 97 nm ( ± 0.75 μm ( ± 1.5 μm 10 μm ± 16° 0.30 0.125 mm C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 80 mm, dynamic 40 mm tapter (see accessories) +70 °C
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Dis Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>4</sup> ) Connector Mounting Temperature range	approx. static <sup>2</sup> ) dynamic <sup>3</sup> ) splacement and distance Thickness 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting acc $-20 \dots$ $+5 \dots$	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> ) 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm 10 μm ±16° 0.30 0.125 mm C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 80 mm, dynamic 40 mm Hapter (see accessories) +70 °C +70 °C
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Dis Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> ) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> ) Connector Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)	approx. static <sup>2)</sup> dynamic <sup>3)</sup> splacement and distance Thickness Chickness Storage Operation	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting ac -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY axi	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> ) 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm 10 μm ±16° 0.30 0.125 mm C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 80 mm, dynamic 40 mm dapter (see accessories) +70 °C +70 °C +70 °C is, 1000 shocks each
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> ) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> ) Connector Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)	approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> splacement and distance Thickness Storage Operation	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting act $-20 \dots$ $+5 \dots$ 15 g / 6 ms in XY axi 2 g / 20 … 500 Hz in $>$	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> ) 18 nm 97 nm ( ±0.75 μm ( ±1.5 μm 10 μm ±16° 0.30 0.125 mm C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm dapter (see accessories) +70 °C +70 °C +70 °C (Y axis, 10 cycles each (Y axis, 10 cycles each
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4</sup> ) Dis Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5</sup> ) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6</sup> ) Connector Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) Protection class (DIN EN 6052	approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> splacement and distance Thickness Storage Operation 29)	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting ac -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY axi 2 g / 20 500 Hz in $\lambda$ IP40 (vacuur	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> )         18 nm         97 nm $< \pm 0.75  \mu m$ $< \pm 0.75  \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5  \mu m$ 10 $\mu m$ $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.125 mm         C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 80 mm, dynamic 40 mm         dapter (see accessories) $+70  ^{\circ}C$ $+70  ^$
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup> Dis Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6)</sup> Min. target thickness <sup>6)</sup> Mounting Connector Mounting Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) Protection class (DIN EN 6052	approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> splacement and distance Thickness Storage Operation	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 $\mu$ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting ac -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY axi 2 g / 20 500 Hz in X IP40 (vacuur Stainless steel hou	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> )         18 nm         97 nm $< \pm 0.75  \mu m$ $< \pm 0.75  \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5  \mu m$ 10 $\mu m$ $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30         0.125 mm         C socket, type C240x-x (01); extension up to 50 m; 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm         apter (see accessories) $+70  ^{\circ}C$ $+70  ^{\circ}C$ $+70  ^{\circ}C$ is, 1000 shocks each         (Y axis, 10 cycles each         n compatible)         using, glass lenses
Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity <sup>4)</sup> Dis Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle <sup>5)</sup> Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness <sup>6)</sup> Min. target thickness <sup>6)</sup> Connector Mounting Connector Mounting Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) Protection class (DIN EN 6052 Material Weight <sup>7)</sup>	approx. static <sup>2</sup> dynamic <sup>3</sup> splacement and distance Thickness Storage Operation 29)	17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μm $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via F standard length 3 m; bending radius: static 3 Clamping, mounting act -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY axi 2 g / 20 500 Hz in X IP40 (vacuur Stainless steel hor approx. 105 g	12.6 mm <sup>1</sup> )         18 nm         97 nm         < ±0.75 μm

<sup>21</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, fear to the find of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 <sup>32</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 <sup>33</sup> Gass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.



<sup>2)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

<sup>3)</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

4) Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

<sup>5)</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

High precision sensors for displacement and thickness measurements confocalDT IFS2407

Compact ser Compact ser Submicron r For one-side measuremen For precise of measuremen Very small li	Insors from ø12 mm resolution ed thickness hts distance hts ght spot	e de la comparación de la comp		øl         øl
Model		IFS2407-0,1	IFS2407-0,1(001)	IFS2407-0,8
Measuring range		0.1 mm	0.1 mm	0.8 mm
Start of measuring range	approx.	1 mm	1 mm	5.9 mm
Resolution	dunomio 2	3	3 IIII	24 ()()) 75 nm
		0 mm	01111	/ 5 mm
Linearity <sup>3)</sup>	Thickness	< ±0.1 µm	< ±0.00 µm	$< \pm 0.2 \mu m$
Light spot diameter	THICKIESS	3 <i>u</i> m	4 µm	6 <i>u</i> m
Max. measuring angle 4)		±48°	$\pm 48^{\circ}$	±30°
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.80	0.70	0.50
Min. target thickness 5)		0.005 mm	0.005 mm	0.04 mm
Connector		pluggable optical fiber bendi	via FC socket, standard length 3 m; e ng radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 l	extension up to 50 m; mm
Mounting		Clam	ping, mounting adapter (see accessor	ies)
	Storage		-20 +70 °C	,
Temperature range	Operation		+5 +70 °C	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-2	27)	15	a / 6 ms in XY axis. 1000 shocks each	1
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-	2-6)	2 a /	20 500 Hz in XY axis. 10 cvcles ea	ch
Protection class (DIN EN	60529)	- 97	IP65 (front)	
Material	,	5	Stainless steel housing. alass lenses	
Weight <sup>6)</sup>		approx. 36 g	approx. 36 g	approx. 40 g
Special features		Sensor with high numerical aperture	Light-intensive sensor	-
		0 1	-	

<sup>1)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>2</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 <sup>3</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 <sup>3</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 <sup>4</sup> Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 <sup>5</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.



<sup>1)</sup> Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

<sup>2)</sup> RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

<sup>3)</sup> All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

4) Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

<sup>9</sup> Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

6) Sensor weight without optical fiber

Model

Resolution

Linearity 3)

Connector

Mounting

Material

Weight 6)

## The new confocal controller for industrial applications confocalDT IFC242x

OHz	Measuring rate up to 6.5 kHz
INTER	Ethernet / EtherCAT / RS422 / PROFINET / Ethernet/IP / Analog
	Fast surface compensation
	Configuration via web interface
	Submicron resolution
	Thickness measurement of multi-layer materials
	Synchronous two-sided thickness measurement
	Robust design with passive cooling



The confocalDT 2421/22 controllers set the industrial standard in precise, confocal measurement technology.

Available as either a single- or a dual-channel version, these measuring systems are a low cost solution especially for serial applications. The active exposure regulation of the CCD line enables accurate, fast surface compensation on changing surfaces.

The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer thickness measurements. Using a special calculation function, the confocalDT 2422 dual-channel version evaluates both channels. Measurement acquisition is synchronous and can be carried out while exploiting the full measuring rate for both channels.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output.



Settings are made via the web interface. For thickness measurements, materials are stored in an expandable materials database.

Two sensors can be directly connected to a confocal IFC2422 controller.

Model		IFC2421	IFC2421MP	IFC2422	IFC2422MP		
E	Ethernet/EtherCAT		1 n	im			
Resolution	RS422	18 bit					
	Analog	16 bits (teachable)					
Measuring rate			continuously adjustable	from 100 Hz to 6.5 kHz			
Linearity		typ. $< \pm 0.025$ % FSO (depends on sensor)					
Multi-layer measureme	ent	1 layer	5 layers	1 layer	5 layers		
Light source internal white LED							
No. of characteristic c	urves	up to 20 chara	acteristic curves for different sense	ors per channel, selection via tab	ble in the menu		
Permissible ambient lig	ght 1)		30,00	D0 lx			
Synchronization			ye	S			
Supply voltage			24 VDC	±15 %			
Power consumption			approx	. 10 W			
Signal input			sync-in / trig-in; 2x encode	rs (A+, A-, B+, B-, index)			
Digital interface			Ethernet; EtherCAT; RS422;	PROFINET 2); EtherNet/IP 2)			
Analog output			Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0	0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)			
Switching output			Error1-Out,	Error2-Out			
Digital output		sync-out					
	Optical	pluggable o	optical fiber via E2000 socket, lenç	gth 2 m 50 m, min. bending ra	adius 30 mm		
Connector Electrical		3-pin supply terminal strip; encoder connection (15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. cable length 3 m, 30 m with external encoder supply); RS422 connection socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. cable length 30 m); 3-pin output terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); 11-pin I/O terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); RJ45 socket for Ethernet (out) / EtherCAT (in/out) (max. cable length 100 m)					
Mounting		free-standing, DIN rail mounting					
Tomporaturo rango	Storage	-20 +70 °C					
lemperature range	Operation		+5 +50 °C				
Shock (DIN EN 60068-	-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axi	s, 1000 shocks each			
Vibration (DIN EN 600	68-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY	Z axis, 10 cycles each			
Protection class (DIN B	EN 60529)		IP4	40			
Material			Alumi	inum			
Weight		approx	. 1.8 kg	approx.	2.25 kg		
Compatibility			compatible with all o	confocalDT sensors			
No. of measurement c	hannels <sup>2)</sup>		1	:	2		
Control and indicator e	elements	Multifunc	tion button (two adjustable function 5x LEDs for intensity, range	ons and reset to factory setting a , status and supply voltage	after 10 s);		

FSO = Full Scale Output <sup>1)</sup> Illuminant: light bulb

<sup>2)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)

<sup>3)</sup> No loss of intensity and linearity due to two synchronous measurement channels

#### IFC2421 Controller



## Light-intensive controller for high speed measurements confocalDT IFC246x

OHz Measuring ra	te up to 30 kHz
Ethernet /	nerCAT / RS422 / Ethernet/IP / Analog
Fast surface and high light	compensation t intensity
Configuration	n via web interface
Submicron re	esolution
Thickness m multi-layer m	easurement of aterials
Synchronous thickness me	two-sided asurement
Robust desig cooling	n with passive



The confocalDT 2465 and 2466 controllers enable fast, high-precision distance and thickness measurements up to 30 kHz. They are available as a single- or dual-channel variant. In addition, the MP models measure the thickness of up to 5 transparent layers at once. The controllers are characterized by high luminous intensity which enables very fast and reliable measurements even on dark surfaces.

The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer thickness measurements. Using a special calculation function, the confocalDT 2466 dual-channel version evaluates both channels. Measurement acquisition is synchronous and can be carried out while exploiting the full measuring rate for both channels.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output. Optionally available interface modules enable the data to be output also via PROFINET or EtherNet/IP.



Settings are made via the web interface. For thickness measurements, materials are stored in an expandable materials database.

Model		IFC2465	IFC2465MP	IFC2466	IFC2466MP
Ethernet/EtherCAT		1 nm			
Resolution	RS422	18 bit			
	Analog	16 bits (teachable)			
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable from 100 Hz to 30 kHz			
Linearity		typ. < $\pm$ 0.025 % FSO (depends on sensor)			
Multi-layer measurement		1 layer	5 layers	1 layer	5 layers
Light source		internal white LED			
No. of characteristic curves		up to 20 characteristic curves for different sensors per channel, selection via table in the menu		able in the menu	
Permissible ambient light 1)		30,000 lx			
Synchronization		yes			
Supply voltage			24 VDC ±15 %		
Power consumption		approx. 10 W			
Signal input		sync-in / trig-in; 2x encoders (A+, A-, B+, B-, index)			
Digital interface		Ethernet / EtherCAT / RS422 / PROFINET <sup>2)</sup> / EtherNet/IP <sup>2)</sup>			
Analog output		Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)			
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out			
Digital output		sync-out			
	Optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, length 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm			
Connector	Electrical	3-pin supply ter 30 m with external 3-pin output termin RJ45	minal strip; encoder connection encoder supply); RS422 connec al strip (max. cable length 30 m) socket for Ethernet (out) / EtherC	(15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. c tion socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. ; 11-pin I/O terminal strip (max. ;AT (in/out) (max. cable length	cable length 3 m, cable length 30 m); cable length 30 m); 100 m)
Mounting		free-standing, DIN rail mounting			
Temperature range Sto	Storage	-20 +70 °C			
	Operation	+5 +50 °C			
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axis, 1000 shocks each			
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XYZ axis, 10 cycles each			
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP40			
Material		Aluminum			
Weight		approx	k. 1.8 kg	approx.	2.25 kg
Compatibility		compatible with all confocalDT sensors			
No. of measurement channels $^{\scriptscriptstyle 3)}$		1 2		2	
Control and indicator elements		Multifunction button (two adjustable functions and reset to factory setting after 10 s); 5x LEDs for intensity, range, status and supply voltage			

FSO = Full Scale Output

<sup>1)</sup> Illuminant: light bulb <sup>2)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)

<sup>3)</sup> No loss of intensity and linearity due to two synchronous measurement channels



## Confocal high-speed controller up to 70 kHz confocalDT IFC2471 HS





The confocalDT 2471 HS controllers are used for fast distance and thickness measurements of highly reflecting and specular surfaces. The controllers are equipped with enhanced optical components enabling measuring rates up to 70 kHz on reflecting surfaces without having to use an external light source. The confocalDT HS controllers are one of the fastest confocal measuring systems in the world. The active exposure regulation of the CCD line enables accurate, fast surface compensation on changing surfaces during dynamic measurement processes.

The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance and thickness measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer measurements.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output.





Model		IFC2471LED	IFC2471MP LED	
	Ethernet/EtherCAT	1 n	m	
Resolution	RS422	18 bit		
	Analog	16 bits (teachable)		
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable	from 100 Hz to 70 kHz	
Linearity		typ. $< \pm 0.025$ % FSO (depends on sensor)		
Multi-layer measurement		1 layer 5 layers		
Light source		internal white LED		
No. of characteristic curves		storage of up to 20 calibration tables for different sensors per channel, menu selection		
Permissible ambient light 1)		30,00	30,000 lx	
Synchronization		yes		
Supply voltage		24 VDC ±15 %		
Power consumption		approx. 10 W		
Signal input		sync-in / trig-in; 3x encoders (A, B, index)		
Digital interface		Ethernet; EtherCAT; RS422; PROFINET <sup>2</sup> ); EtherNet/IP <sup>2</sup> )		
Analog output		Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 10 V / -10 +10 V (16 bit D/A converter)		
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out		
Digital output		sync	-out	
	Optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, length 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm		
Connector	Electrical	3-pin supply terminal strip; encoder connection (15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. cable length 3 m); RS422 connection socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. cable length 30 m); 3-pin output terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); 12-pin I/O terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); RJ45 socket for Ethernet /( EtherCAT (max. cable length 100 m)		
Mounting		free-standing, D	N rail mounting	
<b>-</b> .	Storage	-20	+70 °C	
Temperature range	Operation	+5	-50 °C	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axi	s, 1000 shocks each	
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY	Z axis, 10 cycles each	
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)	)	IP2	10	
Material		Alumi	num	
Weight		approx.	2.2 kg	
Compatibility		compatible with all c	confocalDT sensors	
No. of measurement channels		1		
Control and indicator elements		ON/OFF multifunction button (as well as dark alignment and reset to factory setting after 10 s); 4x LEDs for intensity, range, status, supply voltage		
Special features		particularly light-intensive	and high measuring rate	
FSO = Full Scale Output				

<sup>1)</sup> Illuminant: light bulb <sup>2)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)



## System design confocalDT

#### The confocalDT system consists of:

- Sensor IFS240x
- Controller IFC24xx
- Fiber optic cable C24xx



#### Customer-specific modifications

Application examples are often found where the standard versions of the sensors and the controllers are performing at their limits. To facilitate such special tasks, it is possible to customize the sensor design and to adjust the controller accordingly. Common requests for modifications include changes in design, mounting options, customized cable lengths and modified measuring ranges.





#### Possible modifications

- Sensors with connector
- Cable length
- Vacuum suitability up to UHV
- Specific lengths
- Customer-specific mounting options
- Optical filter for ambient light compensation
- Housing material
- Measuring range / Offset distance



Vacuum feedthrough C2405.../Vac (KF or CF flange) C2402.../Vac (KF flange)

### Accessories confocalDT

### Accessories: mounting adapter MA2402 for sensors 2402









#### Accessories: mounting adapter MA2403 for sensors 2403







Accessories: mounting adapter MA2404-12 for sensors IFS2404-2 / IFS2404/90-2 / IFS2407-0,1







#### Accessories: mounting adapter

MA2400 for sensors IFS2405 / IFS2406 / IFS2407 (consisting of a mounting block and a mounting ring)

#### Mounting block







for sensors IFS2405-3



for sensors IFS 2405-6



Mounting ring

MA 2406-20 for sensors IFS2406-2,5 IFS2406/90-2,5



MA 2405-54 for sensors IFS2405-10 / IFS2407-3



MA 2400-27 for sensors IFS2405-0,3 / -1 IFS2406-3 / -10



MA 2405-62 for sensors IFS2405-28 / -30

#### Adjustable mounting adapter

The adjustable JMA mounting adapter simplifies the alignment and fine adjustment of confocal sensors. You can integrate the sensors with the adapter directly into the machine and then align them directly on site. This corrects, e.g, minor deviations caused by mounting and compensates for tilted measuring objects. With two-sided thickness measurements, the mounting adapter supports the fine alignment of the two measuring points.











#### Scope of supply

- Adjustable mounting adapter
- Sensor holder for smaller diameters (not with JMA-27)
- Screwdriver for positioning
- Assembly instructions

#### Sensor holder for smaller diameters



## Accessories confocalDT

#### Software

IFD24xx-Tool Software demo tool included

#### Accessories light source

IFL2422/LEDLamp module for IFC2422 and IFC2466IFL24x1/LEDLamp module for IFC2421, IFC2465 and IFC2471

#### Cable extension for sensors

CE2402 cable with 2x E2000/APC connectors

CE2402-xExtension for optical fiber (3 m, 10 m, 13 m, 30 m, 50 m)CE2402/PT3-xExtension for optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress<br/>(3 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

#### Cable for IFS2404 sensors

C2404-x Optical fiber with FC/APC and E2000/APC connectors Fiber core diameter 20  $\mu$ m (2 m)

#### Cables for IFS2405/IFS2406/2407-0,1 sensors

C2401 cable with FC/APC and E2000/APC connectors

50 m)

#### C2400 cable with 2x FC/APC connectors

C2400-x	Optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)
C2400/PT-x	Optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress
	(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)
C2400/PT-x-Vac	Optical fiber with protection tube suitable for use in vacuum

(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

#### Cable for IFS2407/90-0,3 sensors

C2407-x Optical fiber with DIN connector and E2000/APC (2 m, 5 m)

#### Vacuum feedthrough

Vacuum feed through with optical fiber, 1 channel, vacuum side $\ensuremath{FC}\xspace/\ensuremath{APC}\xspace$
non-vacuum side E2000/APC, clamping flange KF 16
Vacuum feed through on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel,
clamping flange type KF 16
Vacuum feed through on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel,
flange type CF 16
Vacuum feed through FC/APC socket, 6 channels,
flange type CF 63

#### Other accessories

SC2471-x/USB/IND	Connector cable IFC2461/71, 3 m, 10 m, 20 m
SC2471-x/IF2008	Connector cable IFC2461/71-IF2008, 3 m, 10 m, 20 m
PS2020	Power supply 24 V / 2.5 A
EC2471-3/OE	Encoder cable, 3 m
IF2030/PNET	Interface module for PROFINET connection
IF2030/ENETIP	Interface module for EtherNet/IP connection

#### Optical fiber

Temperature range: -50 °C to 90 °C Bending radius: 30/40 mm



E2000/APC Standard connector



#### FC/APC Standard connector



#### **DIN Connector**





### Sensors and Systems from Micro-Epsilon



Sensors and systems for displacement, distance and position



Optical micrometers and fiber optics, measuring and test amplifiers



Sensors and measurement devices for non-contact temperature measurement



Color recognition sensors, LED analyzers and inline color spectrometers



Measuring and inspection systems for metal strips, plastics and rubber



3D measurement technology for dimensional testing and surface inspection



MICRO-EPSILON Headquarters Koenigbacher Str. 15 · 94496 Ortenburg / Germany Tel. +49 (0) 8542 / 168-0 · Fax +49 (0) 8542 / 168-90 info@micro-epsilon.com · www.micro-epsilon.com